The Weekly Louisianian.

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The Louisianian.

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PROSPECTUS.

THE WEEKLY LOUISIANIAN.

THE LOUISIANIAN, now entering upon its sixth year as an organ of the colored people of Louisiana, has acquired commanding influence and reputation. It is our purpose to add to its representative character and influence by making it the *BEST WEEKLY NEWSPAPER* published in the South. A family paper, chaste in tone and excellent in matter, giving the latest news from all parts, Telegraphic Reports, Market Reports, Commercial news generally, correspondence, and all topics of

LOCAL IMPORTANCE.

And while it will especially represent the colored citizen and urge the securement of every right pertaining to the full measure of his manhood; it will also maintain as a

FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLE

the perfect equality of all citizens; the unity of the Republic admitting of no discrimination between North and South, East and West. Choice and varied selections upon Literary, Political, Religious, Scientific, and Agricultural topics will continue to be given.

OUR AIM

shall be to foster kindly relations between the races, and to establish a more mutual respect for each other as the *very first* essential to the future peace and prosperity of our State and the South.

With the service of journalists, colored men of culture and experience in their profession, obtained from varied and abundant service, both at home and abroad, we feel confident THE LOUISIANIAN will rank second to no paper in the South.

OUR POLICY.

The necessity of a closer intercourse between the two classes, the colored and white people of our State, we rejoice to know is fast becoming manifest to our citizens. We would have closer relations politically and publicly between the races: Harmony and moderation among all classes, and between all interests; kindness and forbearance fostered where malignity and resentment reigned, and a common service of ALL the people in the elevation of our loved State to an enviable and rightful position among her sisters in the development of her boundless resources and matchless advantages.

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THE LOUISIANIAN offers rare advantages to the merchant and business man. Our large circulation within the State, and throughout the country render the service of our columns particularly desirable.

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A special feature of our paper will be its educational column relating to matters affecting our common school system, the Education of our youth, and the enlightenment of the masses.

FINAL.

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Express No. 3..... 7:55 a. m.

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Express No. 2..... 9:30 p. m.
Express No. 4..... 8:35 a. m.

No. 1 and 2 run daily, 3 and 4 daily, except Sunday.

Pullman Palace Sleepers through without change to Cincinnati, Louisville, Chicago, Cairo and Milan, Tenn., and for St. Louis a Sleeper is attached at Milan, Tenn., enabling passengers to go through without leaving the train. Only one change to New York and Eastern cities.

Friday evening's train makes no connection at Du Quoin for Chicago.

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Arrive at New Orleans at 9:20 p. m. Sunday, and 9:15 a. m. Monday.

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A. D. SHELDON Agent.
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oct10 1y

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The Great Through Route to the E. N. West, via Louisville, via Atlanta and via St. Louis, carrying the U. S. Mail.

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THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

ADOPTED IN CONVENTION AT CINCINNATI, OHIO, JUNE 15, 1876.

When, in the economy of Providence, this land was to be purged of human slavery, and when the strength of government of the people, by the people, and for the people, was to be demonstrated, the Republican party came into power. Its deeds have passed into history and we look back to them with pride. Incited by the memories to high aims for the good of our country and mankind, and looking to the future with unfaltering courage, hope and purpose, we, the representatives of the party in National Convention assembled, make the following declarations of principles:

1. The United States of America is a Nation, not a league. By the combined workings of the National and State Governments, under their respective constitutions, the rights of every citizen are secured, at home and abroad, and the common welfare promoted.

2. The Republican party has preserved these Governments to the hundreth anniversary of the Nation's birth, and they are now embodiments of the great truths spoken at its cradle—"that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that for the attainment of these ends Governments have been instituted among men, deriving their powers from the consent of the governed." Until these truths are cheerfully obeyed, or, if need be, vigorously enforced, the work of the Republican party is unfinished.

3. The permanent pacification of the Southern section of the Union and the complete protection of the citizens in the free enjoyment of all their rights and duties, to which the Republican party stands sacredly pledged. The power to provide for the enforcement of the principles embodied in the recent constitutional amendments, is vested by those amendments in the Congress of the United States, and we declare it to be the solemn obligation of the legislative and executive departments of the Government to put into immediate and vigorous exercise all their constitutional powers for removing any and all causes of discontent on the part of any class, and for securing to every American citizen complete liberty and exact equality in the exercise of all civil, political and public rights. To this end we imperatively demand a Congress and a Chief Executive whose courage and fidelity to these duties shall not falter until these results are placed beyond dispute or recall.

4. In the first act of Congress signed by President Grant, the National Government assumed to remove any doubts of its purpose to discharge all just obligations to the public creditors, and "solemnly pledged its faith to make provision at the earliest practicable period for the resumption of the United States notes in coin." Commercial prosperity, public morals and National credit demand that this promise be fulfilled by a continuous and steady progress to specie payment.

5. Under the Consiitution the President and heads of departments are to make nominations for office; the Senate is to advise and consent to appointments; and the House of Representatives is to accuse and prosecute faithless officers. The best interest of the public service demands that these distinctions be respected; Senators and Representatives who may be judges and accusers should not dictate appointments to office. The invariable rule in appointments should have reference to the honesty, fidelity and capacity of the appointees, giving to the party in power those places where harmony and vigor of administration require its policy to be represented, but permitting all others to be filled by persons selected with sole reference to the efficiency to the public service, and the right of all citizens to share in the honor of rendering faithful service to the country.

6. We rejoice in the quickened conscience of the people concerning political affairs, and will hold all public officers to a rigid responsibility, and engage that the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts shall be swift, thorough and unsparing.

7. The public school system of the several States is the bulwark of the American Republic, and with a view to its security and permanence we recommend an amendment to the Constitution of the United States forbidding the application of any public funds or property for the benefit of any schools or institutions under sectarian control.

8. The revenue necessary for current expenditures and the obligations of the public debt must be largely derived from duties upon importations, which, so far as possible, should be adjusted to promote the interests of American labor and advance the prosperity of the whole country.

9. We reaffirm our opposition to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the National domain be devoted to free homes for the people.

10. It is the imperative duty of the Government so to modify existing treaties with European Governments, that the same protection shall be afforded to the adopted American citizens that is given to the native born and that all necessary laws should be passed to protect emigrants in the abscence of power in the States for that purpose.

11. It is the immediate duty of Congress to fully investigate the effect of the immigration and importation of Mongolians upon the moral and material interests of the country.

12. The Republican party recognizes with approval the substantial advances recently made towards the establishment of equal rights for women by the many important amendments effected by Republican Legislatures, in the laws which concern the personal and property relations of wives, mothers and widows, and by the appointment and election of women to the superintendence of education, charities and other public trusts. The honest demands of this class of citizens for additional rights, privileges and immunities should be treated with respectful consideration.

13. The Constitution confers upon Congress sovereign power over the Territories of the United States for their government, and in the exercise of this power it is the right and duty of Congress to prohibit and extirpate, in the Territories, that relic of barbarism—polygamy; and we demand such legislation as shall secure this end and the supremacy of American institutions in all the Territories.

14. The pledges which the Nation has given to her soldiers and sailors must be fulfilled, and a grateful people will always hold those who imperiled their lives for the country's preservation in the kindest remembrance.

15. We sincerely deprecate all sectional feeling and tendencies. We therefore note with deep solicitude that the Democratic party counts, as its chief hope of success, upon the electoral vote of a united South secured through the efforts of those who were recently arrayed against the Nation; and we invoke the earnest attention of the country to the grave truth that a success thus achieved would reopen sectional strife and imperil National honor and human rights.

16. We charge the Democratic party with being the same in character and spirit as when it sympathized with treason; with making its control of the House of Representatives the triumph and opportunity of the Nation's recent foes; with reasserting and applauding in the National Capitol the sentiments of unrepentant rebellion; with sending Union soldiers to the rear, promoting Confederate soldiers to the front; with deliberately proposing to repudiate the plighted faith of the Government; with being equally false and imbecile upon the overshadowing financial questions; with thwarting the ends of justice by its partisan mismanagements and obstruction of investigation; with proving itself, through the period of its ascendancy in the Lower House of Congress, utterly incompetent to administer the Government, and we warn the country against trusting a party thus alike unworthy, recreant, and incapable.

17. The National Administration merits commendation for its honorable work in the management of domestic and foreign affairs, and President Grant deserves the continued hearty gratitude of the American people for his patriotism and his eminent services, in war and in peace.

GRAMMAR.

"Like is a part of speech of complex mien;
That to be hated needs but to be seen
In phrases such as this ill-sounding one!
"He done it first, exactly *"like"* I done."
Or this, "O me! I feel *"like"* I would die,"
Looks *like* this wind would blow things all sky high."
Why cannot folks the laws of syntax heed,
And give this luckless *"like"* its place indeed?
Then might in truth, the word become again
Like other good words for the use of men;
Like a good adjective, as "like my youth'
Or a fair adverb—"Fight like men," in sooth.
What ho, grammarians! let us have a strike,
And banish from our speech this mongrel like,
Do *as* I do. Be valiant *as* I say—
And like a dream, this *like* shall pass away.

THE INFLUENCE OF POETRY,

MISS CHARLOTTE L. FOSTER.

In these busy days of money getting, of political excitement, of mechanical invention, of scientific investigation and discovery, it sometimes seems that we are in danger of bestowing too little attention upon the things which especially soften and adorn life; the purely refining and beautifying influences. "Let us be practicable!" is the cry of the age and there are many who incline to look somewhat scornfully upon the worship of the beautiful, and to bring against its votaries that gravest of charges, in their estimation—the charge of being impracticable. They do not pause to consider the uses of the beautiful; nor do they understand that it detracts nothing from the strength or usefulness of a character to be keenly susceptible to its influences.

The graven flowers that wreathe the sword
Make not the blade less strong.

Beauty, says Emerson, is the pilot of the young soul; and Goethe says, the beautiful is a manifestation of secret laws of nature, which, but for this appearance, had been forever concealed from us.

Poetry, music, art and flowers; these are ministers of beauty, and feed its secret flame. They soothe, brighten and ennoble our lives.

And make the desert bloom with beaty vernal.
Until the earthly fades in the eternal.

All are unspeaksbly helpful and valuable to us, but the most precious of all is poetry; which indeed seems to include all the others: we have music in its rhythm, pictures in its descriptions which no painters hand can surpass, spirituality in its essence as subtle, as evasive, penetrating as the loveliness and fragrance of flowers. There is nothing except love, divine love, and the very highest human love, which is at once so soothing and so inspiring, so consoling and so elevating. Therefore, poetry should be made the daily friend and companion of our lives, and the study of it one of the most important of our branches of education. I would have the mother repeat nursery rhymes to her child as soon as he is able to understand anything, and Mother Goose, of blessed memory, should be as familiar to him as household words, before he has learned the alphabet. As soon as his young mind is able to comprehend a higher order of verse—it is surprising at what an early age this is possible—he should be taught a little poem or stanza whose meaning should be explained to him, and whose beauties should be clearly pointed out; thus we begin from the first to cultivate a love for the beautiful and the true, to fill his mind with noble thoughts, expressed in fitting words, to surround him with refining influences which in after life all the paltry stir and strife of the world will never be able to counteract. In later life it is easy to continue a habit thus formed in childhood; and what a source of happiness and comfort it becomes. Whatever we may lose besides, of fortune or fame, or health or fireside, we have in the treasure-house of memory, a supply that never fails. The wise, the wily, the brave, the heroic, the saintly and the pious, all have sung for our benefit, and in our minds their songs remain a joy forever. Fair spirit of poetry! A blessing unspeakable is she to man.

For his gayer hours
She has a voice of gladness, and a smile
And eloquence of beauty, and she glides
Into his darker musings with a mild
And healing sympathy that steals away
Their sharpness, ere he is aware.

How rich we are. We have a poet for every mood, and one poet for all moods—Shakespeare—the master singer of the world. He knows us far better than we know ourselves—all our littleness, all our worth. He has sounded every depth of our souls. The most gifted woman the world has ever seen describes him thus, in her "Vision of Poets:"

"There, Shakspeare, on whose forehead climb
The crowns of the world. Oh! eyes sublime,
With tears and laughter for all time."

Who has not felt every high aspiration encouraged and strengthened by the grand poetry of Milton—not only in his greatest poem, but in many others. What a depth of faith and resignation he reveals to us in his noble sonnet, on his blindness. What ideal friendship, in the exquisite imagery of "Lycidas." Where shall we find a more charming companion for our joyous hours than "L'Allegro," or strains more congenial to our sadder moods than the plaintive music of "Il Penseroso."

Who has not dwelt with eager delight upon the glowing pages of the Wizard of the North, and lived over again the stirring scenes of Marmion, and seen every hill and vale, and mountain stream so vividly described in the Lady of the Lake? Is not fair Ellen Douglas a living, breathing presence to us? Scott's description of her is one of the finest in the whole realm of poetry.

A foot more light, a step more true
Ne'er from the heath flower dashed the dew,
E'en the light harebell raised its head,
Elastic from her airy tread.

To what heights of grandeur does Byron rise in his descriptions of mountain scenery in Childe Harold. Unworthy as he is morally, he can by the magic power of genius, take us with him to those heights, and there forgetting all else, we worship the invisible, alone. What happiness in the lonely winter evenings, or the soft summer twilights, to have the friend we love sit beside us, and read to us our favorite poems. Tennyson's Enchanted Reveries, which lift us for a time far above this work-a-day world. Or from Browning, some Pomgranate, Which, if cut deep down the middle, Shows within a heart, blood-tinctured with a veined humanity.

Or the sweet, solemn thoughts of Wordsworth, the poet-finest of nature, whose heart was so attuned to hers that the sight of the simplest flower that blooms, awakened within him "thoughts that do lie too deep for tears."

How sweet to gather from the lips we love best, the words of unshaken faith, of patient sweetness in suffering, of ardent love for humanity, which flow from the great heart of Mrs. Browing; to listen to Whittier's arte-slavery poems, which "stir the soul like the sound of a trumpet," or to the deep sweet, trustful utterances of his later days. To be beguiled by the music of Longfellow's verse—so sweet, we know not we are listening to it, until all weariness shall be charmed away, and perfect peace enter our souls.

But it is not alone for the measureless enjoyment, the rare delight that he brings us, that we owe most to the poet. It is for the lessons that he teaches, the ennobling influence that he sheds around us. He strengthens our highest aspirations, he enlarges our ideas, he increases our love for humanity, patience and tenderness. "Poetry," says Coleridge, "has been to me its own exceding great reward; it has soothed my afflictions; it has multiplied and refined my enjoyments, and it has given me the habit of wishing to discover the good and the beatiful, in all that meets and surrounds us."

Poetry certainly quickens our perception of the beautiful in nature. In the introduction of his "Poems of Places," Longfellow says: "I have always found the poets my best traveling companions. They see many things that are invisible to common eyes. Like Orlando in the forest of Arden they hang odes on hawthornes, and elegies on thistles. They invest the landscape with a human feeling and cast upon it.

The light that never was on sea or land,
The consecration of the poets dream.

Even scenes unlovely in themselves become clothed in beauty when illumined by the imagination—as faces in themselves not beautiful, become so by the expression of thought and feeling."

It may be said that this is all true of fine prose, also, and so it is in a degree. There is something in the rhymth of poetry that makes it more charming and effective, and in its distinctive quality of expressing so much in so few words. This is very noticeable in the English and German poems, and especially in the latter. Most exquisite are many of the German ballads, in which a life time of thought, emotion and experience, are condensed into a few stanzas. But they are untranslatable. The best translations of them are almost as unsatisfactory as a peach that has lost its flavor, or a rose that has lost its fragrance

We know what an effective weapon it has been in all the struggles of right against might, through all the ages, from the time of the sweet singer in Israel to the days of our own poets of freedom. A great man said "let me write the songs of a nation, and I care not who makes its laws." The lays of the Troubadors incited the knights of the olden time to deeds of almost superhuman daring. So powerful was the effect of Dante's Inferno, even upon the ignorant people, that the women of Florence, believing that he had really visited the infernal regions, shrank from him in the streets, and declared they perceived the smell of fire upon his garments. One song, the Marseillaise, stirred the heart of France to its depth, laid its crowned heads low in the dust, and raised a storm which shook the thrones of Europe to their foundations. In our own age and country, Whittier's smiting rhymes were one the most powerful of the weapons which finally struck the chains from the limbs of the slave; and his war poems, and those of Boker, Buchanan and Read, and above all, the inspiring strains of the John Brown song, were half-battles in the cause of freedom and the Union. But it is in its effect upon the home circle that the greatest value of poetry lies. Whatever serves to sweeten and strengthen the ties that bind us to home, whatever brings into the home noblest thoughts, sweetest patience, tenderest forbearance most graceful courtesy—whatever, in short tends to make home

A spot on earth supremely blest,
A dearer sweeter spot than all the rest.

is an inestimable blessing to mankind. Poetry does this. A love of it, a taste for it, is a bond of union between the members of a family. The father comes home at night wearied with the cares of business or the days toil; the wife, too, is oppressed with household cares, and the son or daughter reads to them some sweet and soothing poem, which insensibly rests and refreshes them.

Such songs have power to soften
The restless pulse of care,
And come like the benediction
That follows after prayer.

The sons or daughters of such a household of plain living and high thinking, are not likely to go outside the home circle to seek all their pleasures. Their mutual love for what is beautiful and true, and ennobling, strengthens their love for each other, and their deepest enjoyment is in each others society. In such a home, the higher things, which daily communion with the most gifted minds suggest, form the chief topic of conversation. No petty gossip penetrates to those sacred precincts, envy, malice, and all uncharitableness are unknown; love, peace and happiness reign and extend their blessed influences to many less favored ones outside.

Let us then thank and bless the poets. Let us make them the cherished companion of our daily lives, and gain from them sweetness and strength.

Blessings be with them and eternal praise,
Who gave us nobler loves and nobler cares,
The poets, who on earth have made us heirs
Of truth and pure delight by heavenly lays.

ADVICE TO MISSISSIPPI COLORED MEN.

Hon. John R. Lynch and others have issued an address to the colored men of Mississippi which closes thus: "If an Independent State ticket should be nominated between this and the election, then our advice to you is to support the Independent movement if the ticket is made up of men who are known to be honest, competent and conservative. In the different counties we would suggest that you make such combinations with substantial and reliable citizens as is best calculated to advance the interests of your respective counties, and secure a fair election and an honest count, and defeat what is called the Democratic ticket. In counties where you cannot make such combinations, and no Independent State ticket is brought out, then our advice is to take no part in the canvass and abstain from voting.—*N. Y. Times.*

M'me and Jules Verne lately gave a party, requesting all ladies under forty to appear in full costume. There were no "wail flowers" that night.

The Louisianian.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1877.

P. B. S. PINCHBACK, Editor and Prop'r.

☞ All letters on business and communications should be addressed to the "LOUISIANIAN, 644 CAMP STREET."

No notice taken of anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. Rejected communications cannot be returned, neither can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

☞ The proprietor of this paper will not be responsible for the sentiments of communications.

MR. FRANK W. LIGGINS will continue as our local reporter. All courtesies extended to him will be kindly remembered.

The LOUISIANIAN can be had at the following well known news dealers:

Haley—corner of Camp and Commercial Alley.
Ellis—opposite Postoffice.
Staub—corner Canal and Exchange Al.

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J. S. HINTON, Indiana.
WM. H. WARD, Kentucky.
CHARLES T. GRAHAM, Ohio.

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All communications must be addressed to P. B. S. Pinchback, President State Central Executive Committee, New Orleans, La.

CORRESPONDENTS.

We take great pleasure in announcing to the readers of the *Louisianian*, that a number of gentlemen and ladies in different parts of the country, able writers, interested in the advancement and elevation of the race, have kindly consented to furnish us with correspondence from their respective sections; which, from its interesting and instructive character, will be found specially attractive.

In this connection we desire to call special attention to our Washington letter, which appeared in last weeks paper and to recommend a careful reading of the "Influence of Poetry" an able production of Miss Charlotte L. Foster on our first page.

While on this subject we will remind correspondents that letters *must* be mailed so as to reach us Tuesdays, to appear regularly.

THE NAVAL OFFICE.

The *Picayune* says "For the Naval office there are several aspirants, among them, Cæsar Antoine, P. B. S. Pinchback, etc." We desire to inform the *Picayune* that so far as the editor of this paper is concerned, he is not a candidate for that, or any other office in the gift of the National Administration.

Under its extraordinary civil service restrictions, which prevents Federal employes from taking part in matters vital to the welfare of the people, we regard it a complete surrender of that independent manhood which should characterize freemen, to accept a position under it. Not being prepared for this, we repeat, we are not a candidate for any of its offices.

Col. J. G. M. Parker has returned to his post of duty and looks none the worst for his trip to the North. Doubtless his interviews with Postmaster General Key, the President and others "high in authority,' were satisfactory, as the former is reported to have said that the Colonel makes the best postmaster New Orleans has had since the war.

WHAT IS IT, NIGHTMARE OR NEGROPHOBIA?

The *Democrat* seems to be suffering from a terrible nightmare of some sort. Not an issue of that paper has made its appearance for days, but what contained some unkind and malevolent reference to the colored people.

It makes a quixotic assault upon the Independent movement in Mississippi, to-wit:

"The name "Independent" has become a cloak for Radicals, and under that title the negroes are organizing and appealing to those of their own color to stick together against the whites. This sort of politics will never do. Independents have a perfect right to enter the field, but when this independence takes the form of arraying one race against the other, it is time for public opinion to crush it."

Then it pitches into the workingmen's party, which evidently disturbs its peaceful slumbers, in the following manner:

"One would suppose from this political organization just now that we are going into a brisk campaign at once; instead of this being the case it is considerably more than a year before we have any election whatever; there is no cause for the slightest political excitement of any kind, and less cause for a Workingmen's party in this State. The fact is that these political organizations, like the Liberian exodus and similar schemes, have all the same explanation. The period between campaigns in the State leave the Radical negro politicains out of employment for a long time, and they are reduced to the greatest penury unless they get up some movement political or religious, like this, with its usual attendants, a fee from each negro of a dollar or two. The unfortunate colored laborers of this State will never be safe from the politicians of their own color until the doors of the penetentiary shut these in.

A gonglomerate mass of inconsistencies—it declares one day "there is no cause for the slightest political excitement of any kind," and the "next, "out Herrods Herrod" in its demand for a Constitutional Convention which it would have assemble for the avowed purpose of abridging the rights of more than half the people of the State.

Referring to the present Constition of the State it says:

"The history of the manner in which that instrument was framed, and the manner in which it was ratified or adopted, should be at this timerewritten and made as familiar to the people as it was when the gang of shoulder strapped blackguards, Northern thieves and adventurers and ignorant and besotted negroes first imposed it by lawless force upon the State. Its creation violated every principle of free government, and was designed to subject the white man and christian civilization here to the dominance of the half civilized negro, inspired by the worst class of alien adventurers."

After reading this, if sane people do not conclude that our neighbor is troubled with a nightmare they will surely suspect that he is suffering from a severe attack of negrophobia.

POLICE BOARD,

The Police Board at its meeting held Tuesday night adopted and ordered to be read to every officer on the force, a resolution complimenting officers Hamilton and Paller for their promptness in arresting the man who attempted to interfere with the recent procession of colored Odd Fellows.

This action was a move in the right direction. It justifies the confidence we expressed in the police authorities, in our issue of September 29th, in commenting upon complaints made to us of abuse of colored persons by the police. It will materially aid in the suppression of a certain class of malicious offenders who seem to delight in annoying and insulting colored people. We cheerfully make a note of this matter and assure the Board of the grateful thanks of the colored people, and also of the commendation of all lovers of peace and order in the community.

Gen. W. L. McMillen, is mentioned in Washington dispatches in connection with the Pension Agency in this city. We should not be surprised if he got it—he is from Ohio.

GOVERNOR NICHOLLS.

After a long and tedious season of labor, Gov. NICHOLLS has left the State on a brief visit to the North, and we are sure he carries with him the best wishes of all classes of this community. Assuming the duties of Chief Magistrate in times of great political excitement; besieged by aspirants for official—favor all of whom measured by their own estimate of themselves—entitled to consideration; disposed to adhere to the principles enunciated in his speeches throughout the late canvass and determined to respect his oath of office, relative to the political equality of all men before the law, it is not surprising that the illiberal and disappointed are trying to create dissatisfaction with his administration. In our opinion, no higher testimonial to the integrity, wisdom and judgment of the Governor could be had than the carpings of these irreconcilables. We trust his visit will be pleasant and beneficial, and that he may return in a measure reyouthed, to the State which will honor itself, by continuing to honor him.

During the Governors absence, under the constitution, the duties of the executive devolve upon our popular and able young Lieutenant Governor, L. A. WILTZ, whose efficient services in several important positions in the past are a guarantee of judicious management.

TO THE EDITORS OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

The Louisana Bureau of Immigration is receiving many letters of inquiry from various sources calling for information for farmers, mechanics, laborers, business men, and capitalists, who desire to settle in this State, or invest capital here. Our bureau has issued two descriptive circulars, with maps, for the benefit of such inquirers. We have sent off many circulars, and copies of "Louisiana As It Is," and written letters in response to letters of inquiry. Our bureau is open to receive description of lands worked on shares—any proposition that may enlighten the immigrant who wants to come to Louisiana.

We will record all such descriptions of lands and propositions in in our books, which will always be open to strangers and persons wishing to purchase, and these descriptions will furnish the bureau with an additional fund of valuable information for future circulars, and to be used in our letters in reply to inquiries.

As our board has no funds and no income except the small amount furnished by merchants and others in New Orleans who subscribe to assist us in our labors, we respectfully beg the editors of the State to publish this notice for a few weeks or months, without charge to the board, for the benefit of immigration and the State.

WM. BOGEL, President.

Office Louisiana Bureau of Immigration, No. 8 Commercial Place, New Orleans, La., Oct. 6, 1877.

SENATOR MORTON.

By private advices we learn that Senator MORTON is not likely to attend the extra session of Congress which begins next Monday; and it is feared he may not be able to take his seat during the regular session. Should these surmises prove correct, the Republican party will sustain a heavy loss.

OHIO ELECTION.

While certain Republicans conspicuous for their professions of love for the party and civil service reform are endorsing President Hayes, the country is quietly, but rapidly passing out of the hands of the Republicans. In nearly every Southern State, the Republican Committees have disbanded, and any attempt to reorganize the Republican party therein, would be the heigth of folly.

And now as if to add to Republican discomfiture Ohio has "gone glimmering down the shades of time" to the tune of about 25 to 30,000, Democratic majority. Let Pennsylvania and New York go and do likewise, and then we will have absolute "pacification."

HYMENEAL.

We observe by late Cincinnati papers that our esteemed young friend Mr. W. Bishop Ross was married to Miss Ella, daughter of Mr. Jessee Collins, one of Cincinnati's most enterprising and worthy colored citizens. Rev. Joseph Emery, officiating. The Cincinnati *Enquirer* describes the bride, groom and guests as follows:

"The bride was very handsomely attired in the most elegant silk. She wore silk tulle veil, full length. The groom wore a black cloth suit *a'la* Prince Albert. The *elite* of the colored people and a number of white people were in attendance, notably Peter H. Clark, A. M., and lady; Rev. George Williams; Prof. Alex. S. Thomas, the renowned photographer; Hon. John Roxborough, of Louisiana; Mr. Alex. Adams and lady; Hon. J. P. Carbery and wife; Mrs. Alfred J. Anderson, Hamilton, Ohio, and daughter. Mr. Joseph Dodson and wife. The dressing was most exquisite, among the most admired being that of Mrs. Katie Ida Easton, which was ashes of roses silk, most elaborately trimmed with grosgrain silk. Miss Fannie Adams, black velvet, trimmed with silk. Miss Lottie Williams, navy-blue silk, Miss Mary Corbin, Miss Mary Ann Jones, Miss Jennie Gordon, Mrs. Mary D. Shelton, all in very handsome black silks. Miss Ernestine L. Clark, wore blue organdie, pearl colored silk underskirt, with natural flowers. Miss Alice Thomas wore organdie lawn, trimmed with silk, *a la Parisienne*. Mrs. A. Genevra Russell wore light and blue silk. Mrs. Melissa Hunster wore moonlight-on-the-lake silk. Mrs. Jennie Watson, black and white silk. Miss Jennie Willian s, pearl-colored silk. Mrs. Ann Lee Burton, Miss. Eliza Williams, Miss Mattie Fossett, Miss Zoe Beatt, Miss Della Revels, Miss Katie Taylor, Miss Eliza K. Sanderlin, together with the following named gentlemen made a fine appearance: Mr. John Kelly, Henry Forte, Prof. Charles T. Graham, W. S. Berry, Capt. Jno. S. Nesbit, Hon. James Elliott, G. H. Jackson, E. Leavell Fremont Anderson, Fountain Lewis, Harvey Young, J. H. Troy, Charles E. Bentley, John H. Lewis, Alexander Hamilton, R. G. Ball, George W. Hayes, Profs. Samuel W. Clark, and Lewis D. Easton, Charles W. Bell."

We extend our congratulation, and bespeak for the happy couple, a long and prosperous life.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

(Short articles on educational topics solicited.)

Parents often complain of the slow advancement of their children, and as often lay the blame upon the teacher.

While it is true that there are many indifferent teachers, and many who are not "apt to teach," it is also true that in most cases the real blame attaches to the parent. Leaving out of question the dull pupils, for there are many not only dull, but what was once said of Walter Scott is applicable to them.

"Dunce he was and dunce he would remain," It may be safely asserted that in a given time, a teacher can accomplish only a certain amount of work—that labor he never so hard; education is a plant of slow growth, and although the "cramming process" may carry some pupils through on examination day, in the majority of cases, time is the most important factor, for the mind like the body can assimilate just so much food each day. "Soon ripe, soon rotten," applies in this as in other matters, and to make good scholars there must be constant, gradual development. "First the blade, then the stalk, then the full corn in the ear."

"Precocity is monstrosity," and the "intellectual prodigies" we read of soon become intellectual dispeptics and never attain a healthy growth.

It is doubtless true that the most satisfactory results are obtained by a systematic course of instruction, but those results, however important they may be, do not complete an education. We cannot *finish* an education in a given time. We shall find that in the highest sense, at each successive stage we are just *beginning*.

Along with mental growth, there should be a corresponding physical growth. The body supports the mind as the foundation the building, and there cannot be a healthy action in one without strength in the other. In this respect, the hours of recitation or play, are as necessary and as important as the hours for study. In early life, too often, and too sadly, constant application but dulls the intellect, and many of our young people become *blase* at the very threshold of life.

In our common schools, the time of most pupils is limited, and they must secure all or none in a prescribed time; still the work can be effectively done if too much is not attempted, and more laid upon the pupil than he can thoroughly perform. And in this we must teach him what he can use when he becomes a man; and with this preparation, in nine cases out of ten, he will make as much out of himself as can be made out of the stuff. Regard should be had to the quality of the instructions, to the needs of after life, rather than quantity; remembering that the gates of the fountain of knowledge are ever flowing, and that with our libraries and our newspapers the "way farring man, though a fool, need not err."

Let parents help the teacher. Send your child to school regularly. Provide him with the necessary books, and see that every morning he spends *two hours* in studying the lessons assigned for the day.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE FOR 1877.

Harpers Magazine for October contains one hundred and five beautiful illustrations, and is a very attractive Number.

The most important paper in the number is General M'Clennan's article on the Regular Army of the United States, advocating the increase, and making suggestions for its more efficient organization.

The very able and richly illustrated paper on the "Campaign of Burgoyne," by W. L. Stone, is timely in connection with the approaching celebration at Saratoga.

Mr. Benjamin's article, "From Brusa to Constinople," with twenty-one engravings, gives considerable information of an historical character, but is in the main a lively description of scenes connected with the Eastern war.

William H. Riding contributes a very entertaining paper, profusely illustrated entitled "The Life of a New York Fireman."

Horace E. Scudder concludes his admirable and suggestive review of New England classical schools.

There are two beautiful illustrated poems: "An Old Umbrella," by P. C. Cranch, and the "Home Concert," by Mary D. Brine.

In his vivacious description of Walrus Hunting (*illustrated*), Mr. W. L. Alden writes in his most humorous vein.

But the most charming of the illustrated papers is that which opens the Number—"Mytown," under which title Rose Terry Cooke describes the characteristic New England town. All but the title is real, and the illustrations, beautiful as they are, are from bona-fide sketches; if we except Mr. Abbey's picture of Ethan Allen and the "Discusted Deacon."

Dr. J. W. Draper, in his seventh paper on the "Popular Exposition of some Scientific Experiments," treats of Burning-glasses and Mirrors.

Blackmore's "Erema" approaches its conclusion.

Constance F. Woolson contributes one of her best stories, "Raspberry Island." Mr. Philip's short story "On a Melon Schooner," is novel and entertaining.

The Editorial Departments cover there respective fields as comprehensively and satisfactorily as usual, the *Drawer* for this month being especially good.

PETERSONS' COUNTERFEIT DETECTOR, AND NATIONAL BANK NOTE LIST.—This excellent publication, of great advantage to every one in business, from the millionaire, banker, and auditors of vast railroad enterprises, to the retail dealer, is even more perfect at the present time than it has been in the past. It is a semi-weekly publication, containing full and accurate description of all Counterfeit Notes in existence. New bogus bills described as soon as they appear. Every number of the DETECTOR also contains concise, reliable and impartial reviews of the National and local monetary situation, business items, and late railroad news. As an advertising medium among the very best classes of purchasers, PETERSONS' DETECTOR has not its equal in the world. We advise all Business Men to subscribe. The terms of subscription for the Monthly issue is only $1.50 a year; Semi-monthly, $3.00 a year. Subscriptions may commence with any month. A canvasser could get up a large list of subscribers for it in this neighborhood. Address T. C. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, Pa., for specimen copy.

As there is a great furore now about Old Coins, we would advise all to get a copy of PETERSONS' COIN BOOK containing perfect fac-simile impressions of the Coins of the World. It will be sent by mail, postage paid, on receipt of $1,—by T. B. Peterson & Bros, Philadelphia, Pa.
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LAST MONDAY
Than has been offered for years past in New Orleans,
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Constantly on hand and continually being supplied from Eastern and Western manufactories, the largest assortment of Furniture to be found in the South, consisting of every variety of Parlor and Bedroom Suits; Hall, Dining Room and Library Furniture; common and cheap Furniture for Plantation and Country use, which they are selling at the very lowest prices, competing with any and all houses in the same line.
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Wholesale and Retail Cheap
FANCY GROCERY STORE,
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SEND 50 CENTS FOR A SAMPLE COPY OF EITHER OF THE ABOVE, AND IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED WITH YOUR BARGAIN, WE WILL REFUND YOUR MONEY.
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JOHN L. COLLINS, President.
JOHN W. FRANCIS, Secretary. feb26 tf

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Agents wanted. All classes of working people of both sexes, young and old, make more money at work for us, in their own localities, during their spare moments, or all the time, than at any thing else. We offer employment that will pay handsomely for every hour's work. Full particulars, terms, &c., sent free. Send us your address at once. Don't delay. Now is the time. Don't look for work or business elsewhere, until you have learned what we offer. G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. feb27

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House and sign painting, graining, varnishing, polishing, kalsomining, papering, lettering, staining, gilding, &c., 50 cts. Gilder's Manual, 50. Book of Alphabets, 50. Scrolls and Ornaments, $1. Watch maker and Jeweler, 50. Soapmaker, 25. Taxidermist, 50. Hunter and Trapper's Guide, 20. Dog Training, 25. Of booksellers, or by mail. JESSE HANEY & CO., 119 Nassau St., N. Y. nov6

HENRY A. BROWN,
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$12 A DAY at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. ap 22 '76 tf

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Fine Gold and Diamond
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Between Conti and Bienville Streets,
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TRY LEIGHTON'S
NEW STYLES.
French Cut Shirts, English and American Cut Shirts, Coat Sleeve Shirts, Spiral Seam Shirts—all artistically balanced without any draw under the arm or chocking the neck. Store prices for New York Mills and Wamsutta, $1 50; specially made to order, $2 to $3.
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See Hosiery Window.
FOUR PAIR HALF HOSE . . . 50c.
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Is now Located at his Old Stand,
174.....Canal Street.....174
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Where he sells CHINA CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, PLATED WARE, CUTLERY and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, cheaper than ever. feb16

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LOUIS BUSH, of Lafourche. JOHN LEVERT, of Iberville. REUBEN G. BUSH, of Orleans.
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133.....COMMON STREET.....133
Near St. Charles Street,
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☞ Cleaning and Repairing neatly done. feb10

The Firemen's Insurance Company of New Orleans,
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T. PRUDHOMME, Vice President.
R. H. BENNERS, Secretary.
JAS. BOYCE, Inspector.
W. E. RODDY, "
Office, Cor. Camp and Gravier Sts.
Represents the Fire Association of Philadelphia. feb10

e Louisianian.

URDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1877.

LOCAL.

here is more building and re ing going on in the city than been seen before, for many rs.

ov. Nicholls has appointed J. Rivers justice of the peace, h ward, parish of Plaquemine.

ur enterprising grocers, the srs. J. B. Solari & Sons, have blished telegraphic communica- between their stores on Royal Camp streets.

Marshal Wharton and ex-Mar- Packard, and Jas. D. Kennedy, the *Critic*, were among the de- tures for Washington during week.

Hon. E. John Ellis, left for Wash- ton during the week, for the rpose of attending the extra ses- n of Congress. He will not fail watch carefully the interests of uisiana.

Rev. Redman Fawcet, Grand ster of the G. U. O. of O. F.; B. Bowser, grand Secretary, and H. Ward, Esq. a member of the rd of directors of that institu- n, called upon governor Nicholls ior to their departure, and were ll pleased with the reception he ve them.

THE SCHOOL BOARD.

The School Board met Thursday ening. The report of the Com- ittee on Teachers showed that of e number of applicants for exami- ation, 591 were sucessful, and the mber of places to be filled, 429.

After transacting routine busi- ess and adopting several impor- ant resolution, one of which pro- vides for the removal of teachers f the first three months service is ot satisfactory to the superinten- dent, and Committee on Teachers, nd another providing for the es- tablishment of an Academic De- partment for colored children, the Board adjourned to meet on Satur- day evening at 6 o'clock.

Gen. (?) George A. Sheridan, having concluded a stumping tour in Iowa and Ohio, in defense of the President's "Southern Policy," is now ready for his reward in the shape of a Foreign mission, or any other fat office. Doubtless he will be provided for, as he too, claims to be an Ohioan, and belongs to the kitchen staff of the administra- tion.

The tirade against Senator Mc- Donald, of Indiana, for visiting Senator Morton his colleage and agreeing to pair with him on politi- cal questions—a courtesy that has been in practice in the Senate since the organization of the government —has forced the Senator to a per- sonal explanation.

This incident forcibly illustrates the depth of party rancour, and in- dicates that the political millenium has not been reached notwithstand- ing the "Southern Policy."

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Special attention to SAVINGS DE- PARTMENT, SIX PER CENT ALLOWED payable semi-annually.

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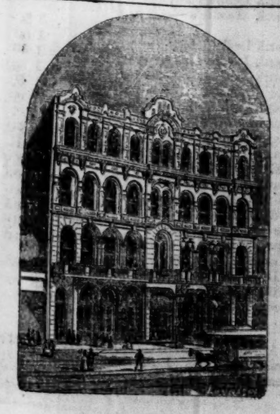
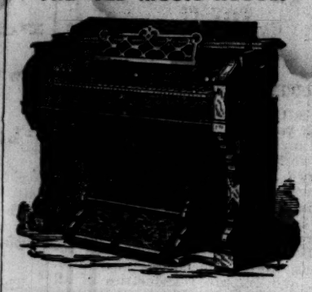
J. H. GARDNER.....Vice-President.
J. D. MONDEIGT.....Cashier.
C. D. STURTEVANT..Assistant Cashier.

94 CANAL STREET,
ap6 3m NEW ORLEANS.



THE OLD MUSIC HOUSE.



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Tuning and Repairing.
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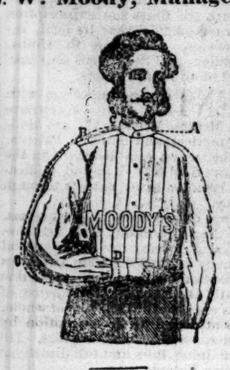

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ADVERTISING: CHEAP: Good: *Systematic.*—All persons who contemplate making contracts with newspapers for the insertion of advertisements, should send 25 CENTS to Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 41 Park Row, New York, for their PAMPHLET-BOOK (ninety-seventh edition), containing lists of over 2000 newspapers and estimates, showing the cost. Advertisements taken for leading papers in many States at a tremendous re- duction from publishers rates. GET THE BOOK feb27

COMMERCIAL.

LOUISIANIAN OFFICE,
FRIDAY EVENING, OCT., 13, 1877.

COTTON—American standard of clas- sification:

	General quotation.	Ex. quot.
Inferior	7 @7¼	—
Low Ordinary	7¾@8¼	8¼
Ordinary	8¼@8¾	8¾
Strict Ordinary	8¾@8 7/8	—
Good Ordinary	9 @9⅛	9⅛
Strict Good Ordinary	9⅛@9⅜	—
Low Middling	10@10¼	10
Strict Low Middling	10¼@10⅜	—
Middling	10⅜@10⅝	10⅝
Strict Middling	10⅝@10¾	—
Good Middling	11 @11⅛	11⅛
Middling Fair	11⅜@11½	11⅜
Fair	12¼@12½	—

COTTON STATEMENT.

	Bales.
Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1875	29,377
Arr'd since last statem't,	1,575
Arrived previously	1,361,095—1,362,670
Total	1,391,047
Cleared to-day	1,500
Cleared previously	1,235,556—1,237,056
Stock on hand and on shipboard not cleared	156,491
Stock on hand same time last year	135,601

FREIGHTS—We quote as follows: By steam—Cotton to Liverpool 5-16d; to New York 7-16d; to Boston, Providence, Fall River, Philadelphia and Baltimore, via New York, ¼c.

By sail—Cotton to Liverpool 9-32d.

SUGAR—7⅞c for common, 8¼@8½c for good common; 8¾c for fair; 9¼c for good fair; —@9½c for fully fair; 9¾c for prime; 10 for choice; 10¾c for yellow cla- rified, and 11¼c for white clarified.

MOLASSES—We quote nominally at 35@40c for common; 40@45c for fair; 45@50c for prime; 48@53c for strictly prime, and 50@55c for choice.

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PORK—Mess $17 25 ₱ bbl. Dealers are jobbing at $17 75 ₱ bbl.

DRY SALT MEAT—6¾c for shoulders.

BACON—Shoulders are held at 7¼, clear rib sides 9@9¾c, and clear sides 9¾@9¾c ₱ lb.

LARD—Keg is quoted at 10¾@11c and tierce refined at 10¾c.

BREAKFAST BACON—9¼@10¼c ₱ lb

CORN IN SACKS—White 70c, yell 70c ₱ bushel.

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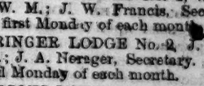

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oct23, 1875

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COMMERCIAL.

LOUISIANIAN OFFICE,
FRIDAY EVENING, OCT., 13, 1877.

COTTON—American standard of classification:

	General quotation.	Ex. quot.
Inferior	7 @7¼	—
Low Ordinary	7¼@8¼	8⅛
Ordinary	8¼@8½	8⅝
Strict Ordinary	8½@8 7/8	—
Good Ordinary	9 @9⅛	9⅛
Strict Good Ordinary	9⅛@9⅜	—
Low Middling	10@10⅛	10
Strict Low Middling	10⅛@10⅜	—
Middling	10⅜@10⅝	10⅝
Strict Middling	10⅝@10¾	—
Good Middling	11 @11⅛	11⅛
Middling Fair	11⅛@11⅜	11⅜
Fair	12⅛@12⅜	—

COTTON STATEMENT.

	Bales.
Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1875	29,377
Arr'd since last statem't	1,575
Arrived previously	1,361,095—1,362,670
Total	1,391,047
Cleared to-day	1,500
Cleared previously	1,235,556—1,237,056
Stock on hand and on shipboard not cleared	156,491
Stock on hand same time last year	135,601

FREIGHTS—We quote as follows:

By steam Cotton to Liverpool 5-16d; to New York 7-16d; to Boston, Providence, Fall River, Philadelphia and Baltimore, via New York, ⅛c.

By sail—Cotton to Liverpool 9-32d.

SUGAR—7⅞c for common, 8⅛@8⅛c for good common; 8⅜c for fair; 9⅛c for good fair; —@9⅛c for fully fair; 9⅜c for prime; 10 for choice; 10⅜c for yellow clarified, and 11⅛c for white clarified.

MOLASSES—We quote nominally at 35@40c for common; 40@45c for fair; 45@50c for prime; 48@53c for strictly prime, and 5?@55c for choice.

FLOUR—Superfine at $5 5?, double extra $6 75, low treble extra $7 50, good treble extra $8 50, choice treble extra $9 00@9 50, choice extra $9 75@10 50, and family extra $9 75@10 50 ℔ bbl.

PORK—Mess $17 25 ℔ bbl. Dealers are jobbing at $17 75 ℔ bbl.

DRY SALT MEAT—6⅛c for shoulders.

BACON—Shoulders are held at 7⅛, clear rib sides 9@9⅛c, and clear sides 9⅜@9⅝c ℔ lb.

LARD—Keg is quoted at 10⅜@11c and tierce refined at 10⅜c.

BREAKFAST BACON—9½@10½c ℔ lb.

CORN IN SACKS—White 70c, yell 70c ℔ bushel.

BRAN—$1 50 ℔ 100 lbs.

HAY—Prime $16; choice $18 ℔ ton.

CORN MEAL—$3 25@3 50 ℔ bbl.

COW PEAS—$2 65 ℔ bushel for mixed and $2 85 for clay.

OATS—Choice St. Louis 50c, choice Galena 52c ℔ bushel.

WHISKY—Louisiana rectified is quoted at $1 10@1 11, and Western at $1 14@1 15 ℔ gallon.

HAMS—Choice sugar-cured are quoted at 11½@12c, and tierces 12½c ℔ lb.

WHEAT IN BULK—$1 25 ℔ bushel.

BAGGING—13½@13¾c in round lots for domestic jute and hemp. Domestic jute and hemp is retailing at 13½@13¾c, India 11c ℔ yard.

STARCH—Is quoted at 3½@3¾c ℔ lb.

TOBACCO—We quote as follows: low lugs 4¾@5½c, good 6@6½c; low leaf 7@8c, medium 8?@10c; good leaf 10½@12c; fine 12½@15c; selections 14½@16.

TO LANDLORDS AND HOUSE-KEEPERS!

THE REMOVAL OF THE CONTENTS OF WATER-CLOSETS, SINKS, &c,, in an inoffensive manner, without detriment to public health, is a subject which has engaged the attention of the authorities of all large cities for ages.

Physicians united in declaring that a large proportion of deaths resulting from cholera, cholera-infantum, dysentery malarious fevers, and even epidemics were attributable to the terribly offensive gases which arose from human excreta, upon its removal from the original deposit with buckets, agitating and exposing the contents to the atmosphere during the process of the work, and infesting the air while being transported through the streets to the nuisance wharf. All agreed as to its baneful effects, and sought in vain for a proper remedy.

The enterprise and ingenuity of a firm of Baltimore mechanics has at last overcome this seemingly insurmountable barrier, and given us an invention which, in the opinion of the sanitary officers of some twenty-five of the largest cities of the Union, is as near perfection for the purpose intended as it is possible to approach.

This invention is emphatically what it is claimed to be—AN ODORLESS EXCAVATING APPARATUS—devoid of all the disgusting features of the cart-and-bucket system. Its advantages are manifold, and it commends itself to the attention of landlords and tenants for the following reasons:

1. Sinks of private residences can be emptied in a space of time varying from ten to fifteen minutes.

2. IT CAN BE DONE BY DAY OR NIGHT, THUS THE NECESSITY OF THROWING OPEN PREMISES AT NIGHT, and exposing them to depredations, and causing the inmates to be awakened by the abominable smell and noise caused by the prevailing system of cleaning, is avoided.

3. The apparatus used is of such a character as not to attract attention, nor would the passer-by unless informed, have any idea as to what was being done.

4. THERE IS NO ODOR WHATEVER.—The sickening effluvia which arises under the old system is entirely obviated, and the gases consumed by a deodorizer.

The fact that the sanitary officers and boards of health of this, and nearly all other large cities, recommended its use declaring it to be cleanly, odorless, economical, practicable, and a preventive of disease, is a sufficient guarantee that the invention possesses all the qualities claimed, and shows it to be worthy of adoption from sanitary motives alone.

This apparatus is used in this city by the New Orleans Sanitary Excavating Company, who are now ready to go into practical operation.

All orders left at the office of the Company, 153 Common street, or sent to Box 913 Post-office, will receive prompt attention, and at low prices. je12 6m

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Weekly, Semi-Weekly, and Daily,

Established less than three years ago as a Representative Republican Paper, pledged to maintain and defend the principles and organization of the National Republican party the *INTER-OCEAN* was early pushed to the forefront of journalism and achieved a success unprecedented in the history of such enterprises. By universal assent it has been assigned position as

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IN THE NORTHWEST.

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Is carefully edited by gentlemen of ability and experience.

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FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
CORRESPONDENCE

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$200,000.

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Single Number Lottery.

CAPITAL PRIZE

$30,000.

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TO BE DRAWN AT NEW ORLEANS ON

Tuesday, Nov. 6, 1877,

NO SCALING.

NO POSTPONEMENT.

LOOK AT THE SCHEME!

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Prize of	$30,000 is	$30,000
1 Prize of	$10,000 is	10,000
1 ..	5,000 is	5,000
2 ..	2,500 is	5,000
5 ..	1,000 is	5,000
20 ..	500 is	10,000
100 ..	100 are	10,000
200 ..	50 are	10,000
500 ..	20 are	10,000
1,000 ..	10 are	10,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9	APPROXIMATIONS OF $200 each for the nine remaining units of the same ten of the No. drawing the $20,000 Prize are	$1,700
9	APPROXIMATIONS OF $100 each for the nine remaining units of the same ten of the No. drawing the $10,000 Prize are	1,800
9	APPROXIMATIONS OF $50 each for the nine remaining units of the same ten of the No. drawing the $5,000 Prize are	900

1857 Prizes, All amounting to

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The Drawing will positively commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.,

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Observe and recollect that in the Dollar Drawing of Oct. 2, 1877,

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